

(2)

- (a) Explain reducible and irreducible representation. 6
- (b) Find out point group for the following compounds : 8
- (i) P-dichlorobenzene
- (ii) ClF_3
- (iii) NH_3
- (c) Write a note on conjugacy relation and classes. 6

Unit-II

2. (a) Explain the formation of σ bonds in any octahedral complex using MOT. 6
- (b) Write chemical reactions of sodium nitroprusside. 6
- (c) Describe molecular configuration of CO molecule as suggested by Coulson. 8

OR

- (a) Discuss the structure of mononuclear dioxygen complex. 6
- (b) $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5$ is known while $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_6]^{3+}$ is not known. Why? 6
- (c) Write the effects of π bonding on the value of Δ_0 . 8

(3)

Unit-III

3. (a) How does chelation affects stability of complexes ? 6
- (b) Describe the experimental determination of stability constant by spectrophotometric method. 8
- (c) Explain the types of Isopolytungstate. 6

OR

- (a) Write a note on properties and uses of aluminosilicates. 6
- (b) Write a note on synthesis and properties of silicones fluids and silicones rubber. 8
- (c) Give classification of heteropoly molybdate. 6

Unit-IV

4. (a) What are phosphazines ? Discuss nature of bond in triphosphazines. 6
- (b) What are carboranes ? Write their preparation properties and structure. 8
- (c) Write a note on Borazines. 6

OR

(4)

- (a) Write Wade's rule to explain the structure of closo, nido and arachno boranes. 6
- (b) Write a note on heterocatenation. 6
- (c) What are metal carbonyl clusters? Describe with suitable examples. 8
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FD-306

M.Sc. 1st Semester
Examination, Dec.-Jan., 2021-22

CHEMISTRY

Paper - II

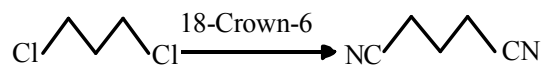
Concepts in Organic Chemistry

Time : Three Hours] [*Maximum Marks* : 80

Note : Answer **all** questions. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Unit-I

1. (a) Define crown ethers with suitable example. Explain the role of 18-crown-6 in conversion of 1, 3-dichloro propane to 1, 3-dinitrile propane (Glutaronitrile) 10



- (b) Discuss bonding in Fullerenes. 5
- (c) Explain the criterion for Homoaromaticity in Tropylium cation (C_8H_9^+). 5

OR

DRG_66_(4)

(Turn Over)

(2)

- (a) Explain in detail Aromaticity and Antiaromaticity on the basis of perturbation molecular orbital theory. 12
- (b) Give brief account on the following : 4×2
- (i) Cyclodextrins
- (ii) Catenanes

Unit-II

2. (a) What are stereospecific and stereo selective reactions? Explain them with the help of two examples of each. 8
- (b) Discuss conformational analysis of 1, 4-disubstituted cyclohexane. Comment on their stability on the basis their energy. 8
- (c) Explain with suitable example Threo and Erythro isomers. 4

OR

- (a) Write a Fisher projection, staggered sawhorse and Newmann formulae of threo-2, 3-dichloro-3-phenyl-propanoic acid (Ph — CH — Cl — CH — Cl — COOH). 10
- (b) Explain asymmetric synthesis with example. 5
- (c) Discuss the optical activity of biphenyles and allenes. 5

(3)

Unit-III

3. (a) Discuss the structure and generation of carbocation. Give the order of stability of the following carbocation Ethyl, Benzyl, Tert-butyl, Allyl. 10
- (b) Explain E2 elimination reaction with suitable example. Discuss effect of substrate and leaving group on E2 elimination. 6
- (c) Explain Hunsdiecker reaction. 4

OR

- (a) Why are carbanions considered as reactive intermediates? Discuss their generation, stability and reactions. 10
- (b) Explain why singlet carbenes are electrophilic and triplet carbenes are diradical in nature. 6
- (c) Explain E1cB reaction with mechanism. 4

Unit-IV

4. (a) Explain thermal and photo induced [4+2] cyclo-addition reaction. State which is symmetry allowed and which is symmetry forbidden. 8

(4)

- (b) Write notes on the following : 4×3
- (i) Ene reaction
 - (ii) Suprafacial and Antarafacial shifts
 - (iii) Aza-Cope rearrangement

OR

- (a) Explain why cis-3,4-dimethyl cyclobutene on heating gives cis-trans-2,4-hexadiene, while on photochemical reaction the product is trans-trans-2,4-hexadiene. 10
- (b) Explain the following with suitable example : 5×2
- (i) Sigmatropic rearrangement
 - (ii) Electrocyclic reaction

(2)

- (c) Give the application of Schrodinger wave equation to find out energy and spherical harmonics of a rigid rotator. 10

OR

- (a) If $z_1 = 2 - 3i$ and $z_2 = -5 + 2i$, then find the values of $|z_1|$, $|z_2|$ and the arguments of z_1 and z_2 . 5
- (b) Write the postulates of quantum mechanics. Derive time independent equation on the basis of postulates of quantum mechanics. 10

- (c) Find

$$\int e^{3x} \cos(3x) dx \quad 5$$

Unit-II

2. (a) Using Maxwell relations, show that for van der Waal's gas $\frac{\delta C_p}{\delta p} = \frac{2a}{RT^2}$. 10
- (b) Derive Gibb's-Duhem equation. 5
- (c) What is Fugacity? How it vary with pressure? 5

OR

(3)

- (a) Show that chemical potential of a component in the gaseous mixture is always less than its chemical potential in the pure state. 10
- (b) Give the method of determination of partial molar volume. 5
- (c) What is activity ? Discuss activity of an ideal gas and that of a real gas. 5

Unit-III

3. (a) Discuss briefly Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes and give Debye-Huckel Onsager equation. 10
- (b) How the mean activity coefficients of electrolytes can be determined by emf measurement ? 5
- (c) Calculate the mean activity coefficient of a 0.02 molar aqueous solution of zinc chloride. (Given $A = 0.509$) 5

OR

- (a) Derive Lipmann equation. 10
- (b) Give the brief discussion of Debye-Huckel limiting law. 5
- (c) Explain Stern model of electrified interface. 5

(4)

Unit-IV

4. (a) What are consecutive reactions ? Give the kinetics of consecutive reactions and explain transient equilibrium and secular equilibrium of reactions. 10
- (b) What is Salt effect ? Explain the salt effect involved in catalytic reactions ? 5
- (c) Give the application of steady state kinetics to the thermal reaction between hydrogen and bromine. 5

OR

- (a) What are the postulates of transition state theory ? Derive Eyring equation on the basis of transition state theory. 10
- (b) Discuss integral and differential methods of determining rate law. 5
- (c) Write a note on Belousov-Zhabotinsky reaction. 5

(2)

Unit-II

2. (a) Classify rotating molecules on the basis of moment of inertia.
- (b) Explain interaction of microwave radiation with linear, symmetric top, assymmetric top and spherical top molecules.

OR

- (a) Show that microwave spectra are observed at constant spacing.
- (b) Rotational constant of H^{35}Cl is 10.5909 cm^{-1} . Calculate rotational constants for H^{37}Cl .

Unit-III

3. Explain theory and application of electron diffraction spectroscopy.

OR

Describe principle and application of Turbidimetry.

Unit-IV

4. (a) How will you explain different lines of rotating molecules by colliding microwave radiations ?

(3)

- (b) Explain Raman activity of symmetric top and spherical top molecules.

OR

- (a) How will you explain rotational vibrational Raman spectroscopy ?
- (b) Explain Raman activity of H₂ and H₂O molecules.
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